

Documentation Guidelines for Traumatic Brain Injuries

Important note: Students who request accommodations in a higher education setting must submit documentation of their disability from an appropriate treatment provider. The purpose of documentation is to provide the Office of Accessibility with objective evidence that the student meets the criteria for having a disability, which is defined as 1) being diagnosed with a condition, and 2) experiencing a functional impairment or substantial limitation in at least one major life activity. Information provided below clarifies the data needed from treatment providers to assist the Office of Accessibility in determining the student's eligibility for accommodations. If the documentation is not adequate in content or does not address the student's current level of functioning and need for accommodations, additional documentation may be requested. Please contact the Office of Accessibility with any questions or concerns regarding these guidelines.

Documentation should thoroughly address each of the following:

1. Basic components of documentation

- Submit information that is typed or printed on letterhead, dated and signed. Treatment providers are responsible for ensuring documentation is legible.
- Treatment providers should include their name, title, and credentials. Documentation should be submitted from an appropriate licensed professional who is not related to the student. This could include, but is not limited to, a clinical or neuropsychologist, neurologist, speech-language pathologist, or physician with training in the assessment of brain injury.
- Include the student's identifying information, such as full name and date of birth.

2. History to support diagnosis

- Provide information which speaks to the nature of your working relationship with the student (how long have you been treating the student, when was their most recent evaluation or visit, etc.)
- Provide any information regarding the student's medical, familial, and social histories which may relate to their diagnosis, symptoms, and/or functional limitations.
- Provide information regarding the onset, duration and severity of the disorder, including date of the traumatic event.

3. Assessment to support diagnosis

- Provide results from adult norm-referenced measures of cognitive abilities post-injury. Provide a brief description of each instrument used, data gathered listed in the form of sub-test scores and standard scores with percentiles, and your interpretation of these scores. Also address whether the student's difficulties could be better accounted for by other medical or mental disorders.
- A comprehensive evaluation should include measures of the following: intelligence, academic achievement, and processing abilities (memory, reasoning, processing speed, etc.). Appropriate instruments may include, but are not limited to: a structured clinical interview addressing relevant educational, medical, and social history, Wechsler Adult Intelligence Scale-IV, Wechsler Individual Achievement Tests, Woodcock Johnson Psycho-Ed Battery III-Test of Cognitive Ability, Woodcock

- Johnson Psycho-Ed Battery III-Test of Achievement, Stanford Diagnostic Reading/Math Test, Conners Rating Scales, Barkley Adult ADHD Rating Scale, Brown ADD Rating Scales, etc.
- Other appropriate diagnostic tools corresponding to the medical impact of the injury may include, but are not limited to: results of lab work or diagnostic tests/procedures, behavioral observations, reported symptoms, etc.

4. Diagnostic statement and evidence of current impairment

- Eligibility for accommodations is based on the current impact of the student's disability. Therefore, it is important to provide recent information.
- Provide a clear statement of the diagnosis based on the most recent version of the DSM or ICD, including diagnostic criteria and symptoms currently endorsed by the student. Also discuss any co-occurring disabilities such as medical, psychiatric or sensory disorders as a result of the traumatic event. If the impairment is temporary in nature or expected to change over time, provide plan for further assessment and estimated duration that accommodations will be needed.
- Also based on your assessment, provide information of how the disability currently impairs the
 student across academic, social, and occupational settings when compared to most people in the
 general population. For example, which of the following major life activities are impacted by the
 student's disability: caring for oneself, performing manual tasks, seeing, hearing, eating, sleeping,
 walking, standing, lifting, bending, speaking, breathing, learning, reading, concentrating, thinking,
 communicating, and working.

5. Recommended accommodations and treatment

- Provide information regarding any medication, treatment, or strategies you would recommend based
 on the student's diagnosis and current impairment. If the student is currently receiving any
 medication or treatment, list any potential side effects that may interfere with functioning.
- Provide your recommendations for accommodations along with rationale for each accommodation based on your assessment of the student. The purpose of accommodations is to best ensure equal access to the learning and living environments, and accommodations should be based on a demonstrated need rather than a preference. Accommodations correlate to an impairment rather than a diagnosis, so there should be a clear connection between the student's functional limitations and the accommodations being recommended. Recommendations made by treatment providers are taken into consideration based on applicability to postsecondary education and are not guaranteed to be approved as accommodations.

Please submit the report or address questions regarding documentation to:

Samford University Office of Accessibility

phone: 205-726-4078 fax: 205-726-2842

email: access@samford.edu mailing address: Samford University

> Attn: Office of Accessibility 800 Lakeshore Drive Birmingham, AL 35229

In compliance with FERPA and the ADA, documentation submitted to the Office of Accessibility is confidential and will not be shared with other internal departments or external entities. Students may request that a copy of their documentation be sent to another institution or released for their personal records.